## Subject: [railml3] Signal types and functions

Posted by Thomas Nygreen JBD on Fri, 08 Feb 2019 19:41:28 GMT

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This thread is also IL relevant

Subject: Re: [railml3] Signal types and functions Posted by Jörg von Lingen on Sat, 09 Feb 2019 08:32:27 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Dear all,

we (IS/IL coordinators) have discussed the differences of <signalIS>@type and <signalIL>@signalFunction (may be renamed to <signalIL>@function):

<signallS>@type is about the physical types of objects one will call "signal"

<signallL>@signalFunction is about the function of the signal as seen from the interlocking "main" could be seen as a duplication but its meaning is more anything else but the specific uses -"The main signal is

a normal signal for train traffic protection which is neither used as block, entry, exit nor intermediate signal."

<signalIL>@isVirtual is especially considering ETCS systems were the interlocking in its data still has signals which

are switched to particular aspects. But on the outside there are only marker boards to identify the position of these

interlocking only signals. In that sense they are physical outside but virtual for the interlocking. Whereas <signallS>/<signalConstruction>@type="virtual" really means no physical object outside.

<signallS>@switchable is a real addition to <signalConstruction>@type because there are signals of type "semaphore"

which may be switchable or not, e.g. electrification signals like "main switch off". Of course, with "light" signals one

can assume they are always switchable.

Regards,

Jörg von Lingen - Interlocking Coordinator

Subject: Re: [railml3] Signal types and functions
Posted by Thomas Nygreen JBD on Mon, 11 Feb 2019 17:17:01 GMT
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## Dear Jörg,

Jörg von Lingen wrote on Sat, 09 February 2019 09:32

<signallL>@signalFunction is about the function of the signal as seen from the interlocking "main" could be seen as a duplication but its meaning is more anything else but the specific uses -"The main signal is

a normal signal for train traffic protection which is neither used as block, entry, exit nor intermediate signal."

Even with this kind of definition, "main" or "distant" still describes another type of property than "exit" or "entry". Hence, there should be two different attributes.

## Quote:

<signalIL>@isVirtual is especially considering ETCS systems were the interlocking in its data still has signals which

are switched to particular aspects. But on the outside there are only marker boards to identify the position of these

interlocking only signals. In that sense they are physical outside but virtual for the interlocking. Whereas <signallS>/<signalConstruction>@type="virtual" really means no physical object outside.

OK. I assume that there may also be other cases where the signal model in the IL differs from the actual (or non-existing) signal outside, in which case it would also then be considered virtual?

Subject: Re: [railml3] Signal types and functions Posted by Torben Brand on Fri, 23 Feb 2024 09:57:08 GMT

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I allow myself to revive this old post as it is relevant to the topic. The latest relevant discussions and implementations and suggestions can be found in the infrastructure forum in the postings [1] and [2]

The current modelling is good, but we need a more unambiguous definition of what is a «main» signal in IL terms and which signal@functions are concidered to be «main».

## Suggestion:

Definition «main» in IL terms: signal that forms a route start or end with

handlesRouteType@ref to hasRouteType@genericRouteType="normal".

Alternative definition: a main signal is located at the railway vehicles movement end of authority.

signal@functions that are considered to be «main»: entry, exit, intermediate (in station) and block (on open line).

This based upon existing listing in deprecated «main» enumeration.

If this is correct please revise XSD documentation (and subsequent wiki) with (bold=new, italics=remove):

- block: The block signal is a main signal used on the open line at the start of a block route.
- entry: The entry signal is a the main signal protecting the entrance of a station from the open line.

- exit: The exit signal is a main signal at the start of a route from within a station onto the open line.
- intermediate: The intermediate signal is a main signal within a station neither used for entry nor exit routes.
- [1] https://www.railml.org/forum/index.php?t=msg&goto=3070&&srch=signal+main#msg\_3070
- [2] https://www.railml.org/forum/index.php?t=msg&th=648

Subject: Re: [railml3] Signal types and functions Posted by Torben Brand on Wed, 28 Feb 2024 10:56:38 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Jernbanedirektoratet and Bane NOR need a definition.

Which is the correct enumeration value to use in signalIL@function for an "end" markerboard (ETCS) or "end of route board" (conventional optical system)? This is always a (marker)board that is placed at a buffer stop.

See example in the advanced example:

https://railoscope.com/tickets/Fyh1WAZliOQbgVmY?modelId=64d2 293fb1421a4b8096c580&selectId=123-4

Or should a new "other:end" value be introduced?

Subject: Re: [railml3] Signal types and functions Posted by Jörg von Lingen on Sun, 03 Mar 2024 07:42:37 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

This is a good remark. Until now the signallL@function did not consider such a signal/marker board placed at a buffer stop. Thus we shall add "trackEnd" for such function. The proposed "end" might be ambiguous.

Best regards,

Joerg v. Lingen - Interlocking Coordinator

On 28.02.2024 11:56, Torben Brand wrote:

- > Jernbanedirektoratet and Bane NOR need a definition.
- >
- > Which is the correct enumeration value to use in
- > signallL@function for an "end" markerboard (ETCS) or "end of
- > route board" (conventional optical system)? This is always a
- > (marker)board that is placed at a buffer stop. See example in the advanced

- > example:
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>

> Or should a new "other:end" value be introduced?

>

Subject: Re: [railml3] Signal types and functions
Posted by Jörg von Lingen on Tue, 05 Mar 2024 05:25:59 GMT
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Dear all,

the differentiation of values for <signallS>@type and for <signallL>@signalFunction are still not clear to everyone.

<signallS>@type shall define the basic types of signals like main, distant and shunting signal. This basic classification might be enough for some user. If more details are needed than <signallL>@signalFunction is to be used in addition covering the interlocking related functions of the signal.

In case of type="main" the possible functions can be https://wiki3.railml.org/wiki/IL:signallL:

- block
- entry
- exit
- group
- intermediate
- intermediateStop
- junction
- trackEnd (with v3.3)

The values 'blockInterface' and 'lineInterface' are like a main signal but a supporting virtual construction used to transfer information over the border between two interlockings or between station and open line. As they are virtual and for interlocking use only they will never appear as signallS.

The types 'shunting' and 'distant' are related to similar functions, i.e. type="shunting" + function="shunting" or type="distant" + function="distant".

Forum

Best regards,
Joerg v. Lingen - Interlocking Coordinator